

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
Eastern District of Washington

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

V.

John A. Grace

JUDGMENT IN A CRIMINAL CASE

Case Number: 2:04CR0026-001

USM Number: 10892-085

Philip Nino
Defendant's AttorneyFILED IN THE
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

AUG 10 2005

JAMES R. LARSEN, CLERK
DEPUTY
SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

THE DEFENDANT:

pleaded guilty to count(s) _____

pleaded nolo contendere to count(s) _____ which was accepted by the court.

was found guilty on count(s) Counts 1 and 2 of the Superseding Indictment after a plea of not guilty.

The defendant is adjudicated guilty of these offenses:

Title & Section	Nature of Offense	Offense Ended	Count
21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1)	Distribution of 5 Grams or More of Cocaine Base	01/21/04	1s
18 U.S.C. § 111(a)(1)(b)	Assault on a Federal Officer	01/21/04	2s

The defendant is sentenced as provided in pages 2 through 6 of this judgment. The sentence is imposed pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984.

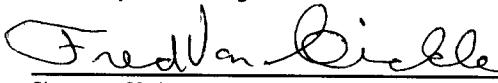
The defendant has been found not guilty on count(s) _____

Count(s) _____ is are dismissed on the motion of the United States.

It is ordered that the defendant must notify the United States attorney for this district within 30 days of any change of name, residence, or mailing address until all fines, restitution, costs, and special assessments imposed by this judgment are fully paid. If ordered to pay restitution, the defendant must notify the court and United States attorney of material changes in economic circumstances.

8/3/2005

Date of Imposition of Judgment



Signature of Judge

The Honorable Fred L. Van Sickle

Chief Judge, U.S. District Court

Name and Title of Judge



Date

DEFENDANT: John A. Grace
CASE NUMBER: 2:04CR0026-001

IMPRISONMENT

The defendant is hereby committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a total term of: 120 month(s)

to run concurrent on each count.

The court makes the following recommendations to the Bureau of Prisons:

Credit for time detained and that Defendant be placed in the BOP facility in Atlanta, Georgia and, if not there, Terminal Island. The Court shall also recommend that Defendant receive access to medical treatment re: his eye injury in whatever facility he may be designated and be allowed to participate in any training or vocational academic programs that he may qualify for.

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal.

The defendant shall surrender to the United States Marshal for this district:

at _____ a.m. p.m. on _____
 as notified by the United States Marshal.

The defendant shall surrender for service of sentence at the institution designated by the Bureau of Prisons:

before 2 p.m. on _____
 as notified by the United States Marshal.
 as notified by the Probation or Pretrial Services Office.

RETURN

I have executed this judgment as follows:

Defendant delivered on _____ to _____
at _____, with a certified copy of this judgment.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL

By _____
DEPUTY UNITED STATES MARSHAL

DEFENDANT: John A. Grace
CASE NUMBER: 2:04CR0026-001**SUPERVISED RELEASE**

Upon release from imprisonment, the defendant shall be on supervised release for a term of: 8 year(s)

8 years on Count 1s and 3 years on Count 2s to run concurrent.

The defendant must report to the probation office in the district to which the defendant is released within 72 hours of release from the custody of the Bureau of Prisons.

The defendant shall not commit another federal, state or local crime.

The defendant shall not unlawfully possess a controlled substance. The defendant shall refrain from any unlawful use of a controlled substance. The defendant shall submit to one drug test within 15 days of release from imprisonment and at least two periodic drug tests thereafter, as determined by the court.

- The above drug testing condition is suspended, based on the court's determination that the defendant poses a low risk of future substance abuse. (Check, if applicable.)
- The defendant shall not possess a firearm, ammunition, destructive device, or any other dangerous weapon. (Check, if applicable.)
- The defendant shall cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer. (Check, if applicable.)
- The defendant shall register with the state sex offender registration agency in the state where the defendant resides, works, or is a student, as directed by the probation officer. (Check, if applicable.)
- The defendant shall participate in an approved program for domestic violence. (Check, if applicable.)

If this judgment imposes a fine or restitution, it is a condition of supervised release that the defendant pay in accordance with the Schedule of Payments sheet of this judgment.

The defendant must comply with the standard conditions that have been adopted by this court as well as with any additional conditions on the attached page.

STANDARD CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

- 1) the defendant shall not leave the judicial district without the permission of the court or probation officer;
- 2) the defendant shall report to the probation officer and shall submit a truthful and complete written report within the first five days of each month;
- 3) the defendant shall answer truthfully all inquiries by the probation officer and follow the instructions of the probation officer;
- 4) the defendant shall support his or her dependents and meet other family responsibilities;
- 5) the defendant shall work regularly at a lawful occupation, unless excused by the probation officer for schooling, training, or other acceptable reasons;
- 6) the defendant shall notify the probation officer at least ten days prior to any change in residence or employment;
- 7) the defendant shall refrain from excessive use of alcohol and shall not purchase, possess, use, distribute, or administer any controlled substance or any paraphernalia related to any controlled substances, except as prescribed by a physician;
- 8) the defendant shall not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- 9) the defendant shall not associate with any persons engaged in criminal activity and shall not associate with any person convicted of a felony, unless granted permission to do so by the probation officer;
- 10) the defendant shall permit a probation officer to visit him or her at any time at home or elsewhere and shall permit confiscation of any contraband observed in plain view of the probation officer;
- 11) the defendant shall notify the probation officer within seventy-two hours of being arrested or questioned by a law enforcement officer;
- 12) the defendant shall not enter into any agreement to act as an informer or a special agent of a law enforcement agency without the permission of the court; and
- 13) as directed by the probation officer, the defendant shall notify third parties of risks that may be occasioned by the defendant's criminal record or personal history or characteristics and shall permit the probation officer to make such notifications and to confirm the defendant's compliance with such notification requirement.

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SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION

14. Pursuant to the Justice for All Act of 2004 and the resulting amendments to 42 U.S.C. § 14135a(d)(1) and 10 U.S.C. § 1565(d), the defendant shall cooperate in the collection of DNA as directed by the probation officer.
15. You shall provide the supervising probation officer with access to any requested financial information, including authorization to conduct credit checks and obtain copies of your Federal income tax returns. You shall disclose all assets and liabilities to the supervising probation officer. You shall not transfer, sell, give away, or otherwise convey any asset, without the advance approval of the supervising probation officer.
16. You shall not associate with known street gang members and gang affiliates.
17. You shall submit your person, residence, office, or vehicle to a search, conducted by a U.S. probation officer, at a sensible time and manner, based upon reasonable suspicion of contraband or evidence of violation of a condition of supervision. Failure to submit to search may be grounds for revocation. You shall warn persons with whom you share a residence that the premises may be subject to search.
18. You shall undergo a substance abuse evaluation and, if indicated, enter into and successfully complete an approved substance abuse treatment program, including aftercare. You shall contribute to the cost of treatment according to your ability. You shall allow full reciprocal disclosure between the supervising probation officer and treatment provider.
19. You shall abstain from the use of illegal controlled substances, and shall submit to urinalysis testing, as directed by the supervising probation officer.
20. You shall contribute 10% of your income while on supervised release to any unpaid portion of the Special Assessment. The United States Probation Office may petition the Court on your behalf to modify this condition if it presents an undue financial hardship.

DEFENDANT: John A. Grace
CASE NUMBER: 2:04CR0026-001**CRIMINAL MONETARY PENALTIES**

The defendant must pay the total criminal monetary penalties under the schedule of payments on Sheet 6.

<u>Assessment</u>	<u>Fine</u>	<u>Restitution</u>
TOTALS \$200.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

The determination of restitution is deferred until _____. An *Amended Judgment in a Criminal Case* (AO 245C) will be entered after such determination.

The defendant must make restitution (including community restitution) to the following payees in the amount listed below.

If the defendant makes a partial payment, each payee shall receive an approximately proportioned payment, unless specified otherwise in the priority order or percentage payment column below. However, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3664(i), all nonfederal victims must be paid before the United States is paid.

<u>Name of Payee</u>	<u>Total Loss*</u>	<u>Restitution Ordered</u>	<u>Priority or Percentage</u>
TOTALS	\$ <u>0.00</u>	\$ <u>0.00</u>	

Restitution amount ordered pursuant to plea agreement \$ _____

The defendant must pay interest on restitution and a fine of more than \$2,500, unless the restitution or fine is paid in full before the fifteenth day after the date of the judgment, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(f). All of the payment options on Sheet 6 may be subject to penalties for delinquency and default, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3612(g).

The court determined that the defendant does not have the ability to pay interest and it is ordered that:

the interest requirement is waived for the fine restitution.

the interest requirement for the fine restitution is modified as follows:

* Findings for the total amount of losses are required under Chapters 109A, 110, 110A, and 113A of Title 18 for offenses committed on or after September 13, 1994, but before April 23, 1996.

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SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS

Having assessed the defendant's ability to pay, payment of the total criminal monetary penalties are due as follows:

A Lump sum payment of \$ _____ due immediately, balance due
 not later than _____, or
 in accordance C, D, E, or F below; or

B Payment to begin immediately (may be combined with C, D, or F below); or

C Payment in equal _____ (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ _____ over a period of _____ (e.g., months or years), to commence _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after the date of this judgment; or

D Payment in equal _____ (e.g., weekly, monthly, quarterly) installments of \$ _____ over a period of _____ (e.g., months or years), to commence _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment to a term of supervision; or

E Payment during the term of supervised release will commence within _____ (e.g., 30 or 60 days) after release from imprisonment. The court will set the payment plan based on an assessment of the defendant's ability to pay at that time; or

F Special instructions regarding the payment of criminal monetary penalties:

Defendant shall participate in the Inmate Financial Responsibility Program. Defendant shall contribute 25% of his monthly earnings while he is incarcerated.

Unless the court has expressly ordered otherwise, if this judgment imposes imprisonment, payment of criminal monetary penalties is due during imprisonment. All criminal monetary penalties, except those payments made through the Federal Bureau of Prisons' Inmate Financial Responsibility Program, are made to the clerk of the court.

The defendant shall receive credit for all payments previously made toward any criminal monetary penalties imposed.

Joint and Several

Case Numbers (including defendant number) and Defendant and Co-Defendant Names, Total Amount, Joint and Several Amount, and corresponding payee, if appropriate.

The defendant shall pay the cost of prosecution.
 The defendant shall pay the following court cost(s):
 The defendant shall forfeit the defendant's interest in the following property to the United States:

Payments shall be applied in the following order: (1) assessment, (2) restitution principal, (3) restitution interest, (4) fine principal, (5) fine interest, (6) community restitution, (7) penalties, and (8) costs, including cost of prosecution and court costs.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Plaintiff,
v.
JOHN A. GRACE,
Defendant.

No. CR-04-0026-FVS

SENTENCING ORDER

JOHN A. GRACE,

Defendant.

THIS MATTER came before the Court on August 3, 2005, for sentencing of the Defendant. The Defendant, who is in custody, was present and represented by Philip Nino. Assistant United States Attorney Joseph Harrington represented the Government. This Order is intended to memorialize the Court's oral determinations made in open court concerning the Defendant's sentence.

I. PRESENTENCE REPORT CALCULATIONS

On February 10, 2005, the Defendant was found guilty of distribution of 5 grams or more of cocaine base in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1), and assault on a federal officer in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 111(a)(1). The base offense level was for Count I initially calculated as 28 pursuant to USSG § 2D1.1(c)(6). The PSR

1 added two levels for obstruction of justice/reckless endangerment
2 during flight, resulting in an adjusted offense level ("AOL") of 30.

3 Count II, which was not grouped with Count I, resulted in an AOL
4 of 21. The base offense level started at 14 (USSG § 2A2.2(a)), four
5 levels were added for the use of a dangerous weapon (USSG §
6 2A2.2(b) (2) (B)), and three additional levels were added for
7 assaulting an official victim (USSG § 3A1.2).

8 **II. OBJECTIONS / MOTION FOR REDUCED SENTENCE**

9 Defendant raised the following issues at sentencing:

10 1) An objection to the failure of the PSR to reflect a two level
11 adjustment for acceptance of responsibility;

12 2) An objection to the obstruction of justice/reckless
13 endangerment during flight enhancement;

14 3) A request that the Court consider the unwarranted sentencing
15 disparity between base offense levels for cocaine base and cocaine
16 powder pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a); and

17 4) A request that the Court consider his severe eye injury, both
18 as a basis for departure and as a form of continuing punishment
19 pursuant to *United States v. Clough*, 360 F.3d 967 (9th Cir. 2004).

20 **A. Analysis**

21 The Court recognizes that it has the discretion to apply a two
22 level adjustment for acceptance of responsibility even where a
23 Defendant exercises his constitutional right to a jury trial. See
24 e.g., *United States v. Ochoa-Gaytan*, 265 F.3d 837 (9th Cir. 2001).
25 Notwithstanding, the Court finds that the Defendant has not
26 truthfully admitted the conduct comprising the offenses of

1 conviction. Although the Defendant has accepted responsibility for
2 distributing a controlled substance, he continues to contest his
3 guilt on the assault on a federal officer charge. The Court
4 therefore overrules the Defendant's objection to the failure of the
5 PSR to apply an acceptance of responsibility adjustment.

6 As to the Defendant's remaining objections, the Court is mindful
7 that pursuant to *United States v. Booker*, 125 S.Ct. 738 (2005), the
8 ultimate sentence must be reasonable under the factors set forth in
9 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a). These factors include, but are not limited to,
10 the Guideline sentencing range, the need to avoid unwarranted
11 sentencing disparity among defendants with similar records who have
12 been found guilty of similar conduct, and any pertinent policy
13 statements issued by the United States Sentencing Commission.

14 In 2002, the United States Sentencing Commission recommended
15 that the crack cocaine levels undergo drastic revisions based on the
16 fact that the distinction between cocaine powder and cocaine base has
17 been discredited by the medical community (i.e., the higher addictive
18 qualities of crack, the disproportionate prenatal effects, and the
19 effects on minors). United States Sentencing Commission, *Report to*
20 *the Congress: Cocaine and Federal Sentencing Policy* (May 2002). The
21 Commission recommended that Congress increase the five-year mandatory
22 minimum threshold quantity for crack cocaine to 25 grams. This would
23 reflect a 20-to-1 ratio when comparing crack cocaine to cocaine
24 powder.

25 Using a 20-to-1 ratio, the following would be a hypothetical
26 recalculation of the Defendant's AOL on Count I:

1 Base Offense Level:

24

2 20.6 grams crack cocaine x 20 = 412
3 USSG 2D1.1(c) (8) (400-500 G cocaine powder)

4 Obstruction of Justice

+2

5 Adjusted Offense Level

26

6 In addition to the disparity issue, the Defendant also raises
 7 the issue of his severe eye injury as a basis for a downward
 8 adjustment. During the commission of these offenses, the Defendant
 9 suffered a bullet wound to his face. The gunshot wound was inflicted
 10 by DEA Special Agent Michael Zidack, who shot the Defendant as he was
 11 attempting to leave the scene of the drug transaction. The bullet
 12 entered the Defendant's cheek and a fragment traveled to the right
 13 side of his face. As a result, the Defendant has no sight in his
 14 right eye. Although this shooting was found to be justified (see
 15 Internal Shooting Review dated October 18, 2004) the Ninth Circuit
 16 has held that "being shot by law enforcement personnel can constitute
 17 punishment, thus allowing a court to fashion a reduced sentence."

18 *United States v. Clough*, 360 F.3d 967, 970 (9th Cir. 2004)

19 The Court finds that the combination of the aforementioned
 20 circumstances justify a reduction from the presumptive Guideline
 21 range. The 100:1 ratio between cocaine base and powder cocaine is
 22 unjustified and is not supported by "reliable evidence [which
 23 indicates] that crack [is] more addictive or dangerous than powder."

24 See *United States v. Smith*, 359 F.Supp.2d 771, 779 (E.D. Wis.
 25 2005) (citation omitted). In addition, the Defendant's loss of his
 26 vision in his right eye from the gunshot wound is a significant
 injury and resulted in some measure of punishment. The Court

1 therefore adjusts the base offense level on Count I to 24.

2 Once this adjustment is made, an issue arises regarding whether
3 the obstruction of justice/reckless endangerment during flight
4 enhancement on Count I constitutes double counting. In the initial
5 PSR calculation, any double counting error would have been harmless
6 because no points were added in the combined offense level analysis
7 for Count II. See USSG § 3D1.4(c). However, once the Court reduces
8 the base offense level on Count I to 24, USSG § 3D1.4(a) dictates
9 that the Court should count as one unit the group with the highest
10 offense level (Count I) and count one additional unit for each group
11 that is equally serious or from 1 to 4 levels less serious (Count
12 II). Because the Defendant would then be subject to a higher
13 sentencing range under the combined offense level analysis, the Court
14 must determine whether the same factor which enhances the assault
15 count is also being used to enhance the drug count. See generally,
16 *United States v. Calozza*, 125 F.3d 687, (9th Cir. 1997).

17 Defendant received enhancements on Count II for using a
18 dangerous weapon and assaulting an official victim. See USSG §§
19 2A2.2(b)(2)(B), 3A1.2. The factual basis for these enhancements was
20 the Defendant's use of a vehicle to assault a federal officer during
21 the course of the offense or immediate flight therefrom. Under Count
22 I, the Government argues for a two level enhancement pursuant to USSG
23 § 3C1.2. That enhancement applies if the Defendant recklessly
24 created a substantial risk of death or serious bodily injury to
25 another person in the course of fleeing from a law enforcement
26 officer. "Another person" includes any person, except a participant

1 in the offense who willingly participated in the flight. USSG §
2 3C1.2, comment note 4. Considering the totality of these
3 enhancements, the Court concludes that it would be impermissible
4 double counting to add two levels pursuant to § 3C1.2 as the same
5 conduct is being used to enhance the Defendant's sentence on Count
6 II. The Court therefore sustains the Defendant's objection to the
7 obstruction of justice/reckless endangerment during flight
8 enhancement on Count I.

9 **B. Conclusion**

10 For the aforementioned reasons, the Defendant's sentencing range
11 shall be calculated as follows. The AOL on Count I is 24. The AOL
12 on Count II, which was not contested, is 21. The Court adds two
13 units pursuant to USSG § 3D1.4(a), which results in a final adjusted
14 offense level of 26. The Defendant's criminal history score is IV
15 and his resulting sentencing range is 92-115 months. However, the
16 high end of the range is trumped by the statutory mandatory minimum
17 of 120 months. For the reasons stated on the record, the Court
18 concludes that a sentence of 120 months is reasonable in this matter.

19 The Defendant also raised an issue in briefing regarding his
20 March 23, 1990 conviction for Assault with a Deadly Weapon. He
21 contends that his attorney advised him that this conviction would not
22 appear on his record after he reached the age of majority.

23 Notwithstanding, the Defendant was charged as an adult and the
24 Defendant does not otherwise challenge the scoring of this
25 conviction. The Court therefore makes no finding on this issue.

26 Accordingly,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

1. Defendant's Motion for Reduced Sentence (Ct. Rec. 164-1) is
GRANTED IN PART.

2. Defendant's Objection to the Failure of the PSR to Apply an Acceptance of Responsibility Adjustment is **OVERRULED**.

3. Defendant's Objection to the Obstruction of Justice/Reckless Endangerment During Flight Enhancement (USSG § 3C1.2) is SUSTAINED.

4. A copy of this Order shall be **APPENDED** to any copy of the Presentence Investigation Report made available to the Bureau of Prisons and also to Defendant's Judgment.

IT IS SO ORDERED. The District Court Executive is hereby directed to enter this order and furnish copies to counsel.

DATED this 9th day of August, 2005.

s/ Fred Van Sickle
Fred Van Sickle
United States District Judge